

Smart Home Privacy: A Scoping Review

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Abstract: Privacy concerns in smart home technologies have surged as their adoption becomes ubiquitous. This scoping review paper undertakes an exhaustive examination of the current literature to elucidate the state of privacy within this burgeoning context. Employing a scoping review methodology, we have analysed about 78 peer-reviewed articles. Key emergent themes include privacy concerns, trust, user perception, and a range of technical risks and mitigation. Our findings reveal significant gaps in privacy design and protection, establishing this paper as a novel contribution that sets the groundwork for future research. Additionally, it provides practitioners and policymakers with actionable insights for enhancing privacy measures in smart homes. Supplemental material, including a curated database of the reviewed literature and previously published papers, will be available to reviewers to enrich the understanding of our contribution.


1 INTRODUCTION


Smart home technologies have experienced unprecedented growth and integration into our daily lives, revolutionising how we interact with our living spaces (Deschamps-Sonsino, 2018, page 8). These interconnected devices offer convenience, energy efficiency, and enhanced security. However, this rapid proliferation of smart home systems has raised significant privacy concerns, as these devices collect and process vast amounts of personal data (Ziegeldorf et al., 2014). This paper aims to provide a scoping survey of the existing literature on privacy in smart homes, shedding light on the various dimensions of this critical issue. This paper aims to contribute to understanding smart home privacy challenges and identify avenues for further research.


One of the primary privacy concerns in smart homes revolves around collecting and using personal data. Smart home devices like voice assistants, smart


meters, and sensors can capture sensitive information, including audio recordings, video feeds, energy consumption patterns, and user behaviour (Sharif and Tenbergen, 2020). The potential for unauthorised access, data breaches, or misuse of this data raises significant ethical and legal concerns. Furthermore, sharing personal data by smart home devices with third parties introduces additional privacy risks (Edu et al., 2020). Service providers, manufacturers, and advertisers may have access to sensitive information, leading to potential profiling, targeted advertising, or even surveillance. The lack of transparency regarding data-sharing practices and the potential for data aggregation across multiple devices further exacerbate these concerns. User consent and control over personal data in smart homes are critical aspects of privacy protection. However, it is often challenging for users to understand the full extent of data collection and make informed decisions regarding consent. Smart home platforms' privacy policies and consent mechanisms may be complex and difficult to comprehend, leading to potential gaps in user understanding and control over personal information.


Various technical and policy solutions have been proposed to address these privacy challenges. Data anonymisation techniques, encryption protocols, and

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access control mechanisms aim to protect personal information while allowing the benefits of smart home technologies to be realised. Additionally, regulatory frameworks and industry standards have been developed to ensure privacy protection in smart home ecosystems. By conducting a scoping review, this paper aims to identify the current state of knowledge, highlight research trends, and identify gaps that require further investigation. The findings of this paper contributes to the ongoing discussions on smart home privacy, informing policymakers, industry practitioners, and researchers about the key issues at hand and fostering the development of privacy-preserving solutions.

The organisation of this paper is as follows:

1. Section 2 introduces the research methodology.
2. Section 3 introduces the individual studies that have been surveyed and provided a summary of those studies.
3. Section 4 identifies the common themes in literature and answers the research question.
4. Section 5 highlights the limitations of this study.
5. Section 6 concludes the paper and highlights possible future research.

2 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The objective of this scoping review is to map the existing literature on the topic of smart home privacy. The review aims to identify and analyse the key concepts, sources of evidence, and research gaps related to privacy concerns in smart-home technologies. The question, “What are the main dimensions of privacy concerns in the context of smart homes?” guided this scoping review. The question seeks to identify and understand the primary aspects or dimensions related to privacy concerns. In the context of smart homes, these dimensions could include factors such as data collection, surveillance, information sharing, security vulnerabilities, user awareness, and control over personal information. The research question served as a guiding principle throughout the scoping review process. It helped focus the search strategy, select appropriate inclusion and exclusion criteria, and systematically assess and synthesise the findings from the identified studies. By using this question as a starting point, this paper aimed to ensure that the scoping review covered a broad range of privacy dimensions and addressed the diversity of concerns within the context of smart homes.

To ensure a comprehensive search for relevant literature, the following databases is searched: IEEE

Xplore, ACM Digital Library, Springer, and Google Scholar. The search terms and keywords to be used include variations and combinations of: “smart home”, “privacy”, “data protection”, “security”, “personal information”, “internet of things”, “smart devices” and “ethics”.

The inclusion and exclusion criteria for the selection of articles are as follows:

Table 1: Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria.

Criteria	Description
Inclusion	Articles that focus on privacy concerns in the context of smart-home technologies. Articles that present empirical research, theoretical frameworks, conceptual models, or practical approaches to smart home privacy. Articles published in the English language. Articles published from 2010 to 2023.
Exclusion	Articles that do not specifically address smart homes privacy. Articles that are not peer-reviewed. Articles published in languages other than English.

The study selection process involves title/abstract screening and full-text screening. During the title/abstract screening, articles that do not meet the inclusion criteria will be excluded. In the full-text screening, the reviewers will assess the remaining articles against the inclusion and exclusion criteria to select the final articles for data extraction and analysis.

Zotero¹ is used to extract relevant information from the selected articles. The data to be extracted may include the author(s), year of publication, research methods, sample size, key findings, any frameworks or models discussed, and possible auto-generated tags. Afterwards, thematic analysis will be employed to identify the main themes, concepts, and dimensions related to smart home privacy.

Given the scoping nature of this review, a formal quality assessment of individual studies will not be conducted. Instead, the included articles will be assessed for relevance to the research question and its contribution to understanding smart home privacy.

¹<https://www.zotero.org>, last accessed 18 June 2023

3 LITERATURE SURVEY: INDIVIDUAL STUDIES

In the study by (Lin and Bergmann, 2016), the authors emphasised the prevalence of privacy risks in smart homes, underscoring the challenges arising from the lack of expertise and standardisation. Their advocacy for auto-configuration and automatic updates in smart appliances aimed to mitigate these risks. (Liu et al., 2022) highlighted the necessity for Smart Home Privacy Protection (SHPP) standards as crucial for societal development. This emphasises the need for a structured framework to address privacy concerns in smart home ecosystems. Proposing innovative solutions, (Alhazmi et al., 2022) introduced the MQTT-Based Privacy Orchestrator (MPO). This solution aims to comprehensively address security and privacy concerns, targeting key barriers to consumer adoption of IoT devices. (Vö et al., 2017) delved into optimising Wake-Up-Word (WUW) detection in voice-activated smart homes, proposing an architecture that prioritises low-cost integration, privacy, and ease of use. This signifies a significant step towards ensuring secure voice interactions within smart home environments. The comprehensive analysis conducted by (Ford and Palmer, 2019) on the Alexa app and devices revealed privacy issues related to command logging accuracy and potential unauthorised recordings. The study's suggestion to process voice commands within the smart home network presents a viable solution to enhance user privacy. Studies such as (Abdallah et al., 2020) and (Guhir et al., 2020) explore the intersection of smart home technology with specialised applications, catering to the elderly and assessing the impact of privacy concerns on device adoption, respectively. Additionally, (Zhang et al., 2020) introduces a blockchain-based solution to optimise energy consumption and enhance privacy in power data exchange. In addressing privacy challenges, (Apthorpe et al., 2018) revisited traffic padding methods, proposing Stochastic Traffic Padding (STP) as an effective solution. Simultaneously, (Hatamian, 2020) provided a privacy and security principles catalogue for app developers, offering practical guidance. Furthermore, (Musto et al., 2021) outlined a strategy for personalised service access, while (Rios et al., 2021) introduced a Privacy Manager based on Edge Computing (PMEC) to enhance data privacy in IoT settings. Finally, (Qashlan et al., 2021) explored data security through blockchain, integrating attribute-based access control and edge computing.

The study by (Vimalkumar et al., 2021) investigated factors influencing user trust in Voice-based Digital Assistants, shedding light on the significance

of perceived risk and trust in shaping user perceptions and adoption. (Haney and Furman, 2022) explored the importance of smart home updates and the link between these updates and privacy/security. This highlights the need for transparent communication between users and developers regarding the impact of updates on privacy. Investigations by (Li et al., 2023) into the privacy concerns of new purchasers of smart home devices and (Zou et al., 2023)'s demonstration of IoTBeholder's effectiveness in predicting user behaviour showcase the evolving landscape of privacy considerations and predictive technologies in smart homes.

(Pierce et al., 2022) addressed privacy concerns in IoT devices, focusing on potential compromises to individual privacy posed by spatial sensors. This emphasises the importance of ensuring user privacy in the evolving landscape of IoT. (Nassiri Abrishamchi et al., 2022) delved into side-channel attacks, specifically Fingerprint and Timing-based Snooping (FATS), proposing solutions to secure smart homes against these passive assaults. This research contributes to the ongoing efforts to fortify IoT devices against emerging privacy threats. (Mohanty et al., 2022) conducted a large-scale study on privacy concerns in IoT devices, exploring factors like anonymity and GDPR compliance. The study's self-assessment scorecard offers a practical tool for mitigating privacy risks in IoT settings.

(Musale and Lee, 2023) examined the impact of cloud-based Trusted Execution Environments (TEEs) in IoT devices, revealing insights into user comfort in data collection. This highlights the nuanced relationship between technology and user perception in the context of privacy. The exploration by (Windl et al., 2023) into the need for tangible privacy mechanisms in smart homes underscores the importance of incorporating tangible elements, such as tokens for privacy preferences and dashboards for device overviews, to enhance user awareness and control in complex environments.

4 DISCUSSION

Figure 1 depicts the word frequency distribution within the analysed literature. It is the first step in providing insights into the prevalent themes and concepts related to smart homes and privacy concerns. From Figure 1, one can discern that the text emphasises topics such as privacy, concerns, and user expectations in the context of smart homes. Additionally, it highlights the significance of privacy-preserving technologies and the need for measures and countermea-



Figure 1: Literature Word Analysis.

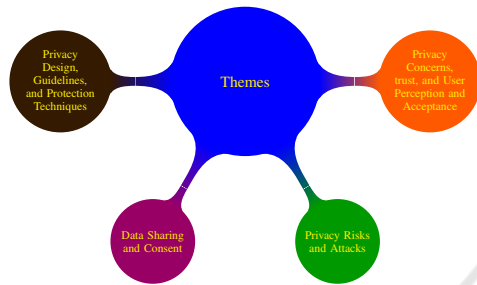


Figure 2: Smart-home Privacy: Themes.

asures to address perceived risks.

Given that and guided by the research question, the literature survey shows common Themes and categories in smart home privacy research. These categories capture the common themes that emerge from the studies survey in this paper as seen in Table 2 and Figure 2.

Privacy Concerns, Trust and User Perception and Acceptance. Research on privacy concerns in smart home environments broadly focuses on three areas: risk perception, privacy threats, and user attitudes. Studies such as (Guhr et al., 2020), (Balasubramanian et al., 2021), and (Kreuter et al., 2020) investigated the factors that influence users’ perceptions of privacy risks. Another avenue of inquiry, represented by (Haney and Furman, 2022), (Vimalkumar et al., 2021), and (Mohanty et al., 2022), examines the impact of privacy threats on user behaviour and technology adoption. The relationship between privacy concerns and user intentions has also been explored, as evidenced by (Windl et al., 2023).

In summary, this body of work enhances our understanding of users’ privacy concerns, risk perceptions, and attitudes towards smart home technologies. The insights gained can guide the development of user-centric design approaches, privacy-enhancing strategies, and effective communication methods to improve the acceptance of smart home devices. Furthermore, the researchers on user attitudes towards privacy in smart homes has illuminated key factors af-

Table 2: Themes and Corresponding Papers.

Theme	Individual Papers
Privacy Concerns, Trust, and User Perception and Acceptance	(Guhr et al., 2020; Balasubramanian et al., 2021; Kreuter et al., 2020; Haney and Furman, 2022; Vimalkumar et al., 2021; Windl et al., 2023; Zheng et al., 2018; Haney et al., 2021; Schomakers et al., 2021; Yao et al., 2019b; Abdi et al., 2019; Haney et al., 2020; Tabassum et al., 2019; Georgiev and Schlögl, 2018; Wilkowska et al., 2015; Schomakers et al., 2020; Almutairi and Almarhabi, 2021; Kaaz et al., 2017; Liu et al., 2021; Shouran et al., 2019; Shuhaiber et al., 2023)
Privacy Risk and Attacks	(Setayeshfar et al., 2021; Zou et al., 2023; Musto et al., 2021; Pierce et al., 2022; Nassiri Abrishamchi et al., 2022; Edu et al., 2020; Al-Turjman et al., 2022; Habibzadeh et al., 2019; Tabassum et al., 2019; Nemeč Zlatolas et al., 2022; Duezguen et al., 2021; Leitão, 2019; Acar et al., 2020; Hafeez et al., 2019; Ramapatruni et al., 2019; Yakubu et al., 2023; Ozmen et al., 2023)
Data Sharing and Consent	(Mohanty et al., 2022; Seymour et al., 2023; Siddiqui et al., 2023; Zampati, 2023; Khan et al., 2020; Sultana et al., 2020; Singh et al., 2019; Lin et al., 2019; Zhang et al., 2023)
Privacy Design, Guidelines, and Protection Techniques	(Zhang et al., 2020; Zou et al., 2023; Hatamian, 2020; Musto et al., 2021; Rios et al., 2021; Qashlan et al., 2021; Makhdoom et al., 2020; Sultana et al., 2020; Singh et al., 2019; Lin et al., 2019; Iqbal et al., 2023; Poh et al., 2019; She et al., 2019; Yao et al., 2019a; Aïvodji et al., 2019; Wan et al., 2020; Hafeez et al., 2019; Ramapatruni et al., 2019; Augusto-Gonzalez et al., 2019; Khanpara et al., 2023; Yakubu et al., 2023; Ozmen et al., 2023)

fecting privacy-related decisions. These insights are instrumental for developing privacy-enhancing measures and user-centric designs, ultimately fostering greater acceptance of smart home technologies.

Privacy Risks and Attacks. Several studies have explored the security and privacy implications in smart homes. For instance, (Setayeshfar et al., 2021) revealed vulnerabilities through machine learning analyses of IoT signals. (Zou et al., 2023) considered blockchain for enhanced privacy, while (Musto et al., 2021) focused on distributed identity management. Additional risks like DDoS and firmware issues were also documented (Saxena et al., 2020; Guhr et al., 2020; Buil-Gil et al., 2023).

Data Sharing and Consent. Some studies have investigated the factors affecting users' willingness to share data in smart homes, including the role of privacy regulations. (Seymour et al., 2023) specifically examined how GDPR influences trust and data-sharing behaviour. User preferences and personality traits are key in shaping data-sharing behaviour in smart homes. (Siddiqui et al., 2023) explored the role of control, perceived benefits, and transparency in data-sharing decisions. (Zampati, 2023) looked into how personality traits like privacy concerns and risk perception influence willingness to share data. These insights could guide the development of tailored privacy mechanisms and policies for smart homes.

Privacy Design, Guidelines and Protection Techniques. Several studies have proposed techniques to enhance user privacy in smart homes. (Zhang et al., 2020) and (Zou et al., 2023) focused on blockchain technology to ensure data integrity and confidentiality. (Hatamian, 2020) and (Musto et al., 2021) looked into distributed authentication mechanisms for secure user control. Context-aware policy languages were explored by (Rios et al., 2021) and (Qashlan et al., 2021) for fine-grained data access control. Cloud-based trusted environments were investigated by (Makhdoom et al., 2020) and (Sultana et al., 2020) to secure user data. These contributions aim to develop robust privacy-enhancing solutions for smart homes.

5 LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY

The search strategy is limited by the specific choice of keywords and may miss some relevant studies. The

article selection criteria, focusing on aspects like privacy in smart homes and English language, could also exclude pertinent work, thus affecting the review's comprehensiveness. Additionally, the absence of a formal quality assessment of included studies may question the overall reliability of the findings. Therefore, the results may lack generalisability across the broader ecosystem of smart home privacy issues.

While the inclusion of variations and combinations of search terms is a good starting point, there is a possibility that some relevant studies may not be captured due to the specific choice of keywords. The effectiveness of the search strategy in retrieving comprehensive results may depend on the relevance and appropriateness of the chosen terms. The criteria for article selection are focused on specific aspects, such as privacy concerns in smart-home technologies, empirical research, theoretical frameworks, and articles published in English. While these criteria help narrow down the scope, they may also exclude relevant studies that fall outside these specific criteria, potentially limiting the comprehensiveness of the scoping review. The methodology states that a formal quality assessment of individual studies will not be conducted. While this is acceptable for a scoping review, it means that the included articles' quality and potential biases are not thoroughly evaluated, which may impact the overall reliability of the findings. Given the aforementioned limitations, this study's findings may lack generalisability to other areas of smart homes and may not capture the broader landscape of privacy issues that exist within the entire ecosystem of smart home devices and systems.

6 CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

In summary, this scoping review offers a thorough assessment of existing studies on privacy issues in smart homes, identifying key themes like trust, user perception, risks, and protective measures. The findings stress the urgency for continued research to address these privacy concerns as smart home adoption expands. Standardised privacy guidelines and user-centric design are emphasised for ensuring trust, data security, and ethical practices. Future research should delve into user perceptions and trust to inform the development of privacy-focused features. As smart home technology evolves, ongoing studies should explore emerging privacy risks and the influence of new technologies like AI and IoT on smart home privacy.

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