Module (Novick Learning) Physics to Improve Critical Thinking

Sudi Dul Aji1, Muhammad Nur Hudha1, Rahmawaty Muktar1, Choirul Huda1, Andista Candra Yusro2, John Rafay Batlolina3, Cep Ubud Abdulllah4, Asep Bayu Dani Nandiyanto4, Ade Gafar Abdullah4 and Pamadya Vitasmoro5

1Physics Education Study Program, Universitas Kanjuruhan Malang, Jl. S. Supriadi no 48, Malang 65148, Indonesia
2Physics Education Study Program, Universitas PGRI Madiun, Jl. Setiabudi No.85, Madiun 63118, Indonesia
3Physics Education Study Program, State University of Malang, Jl. Semarang No.5, Malang 65145, Indonesia
4Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Jl. Dr. Setiabudi no 229, Bandung 40154, Indonesia
5Fakultas Ilmu Kesehatan, Universitas Kadiri, Jl. Selomangleng no 1, Kediri, Indonesia

sudi@unikama.ac.id

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Abstract: Critical thinking is a skill which must be owned by the students. The purpose of this study is to improve physics module based on Novick Learning on the thermo dynamic theme to improve the students’ critical thinking. The critical thinking skill is a must to be owned by the students. It is the development research (R&D) 4-D Thiagranjan (Define, Design, Develop, & Disseminate). The instrument of this research is answer sheet for the material expert, media expert, the teacher and the students of Junior High School as the respondent. The subject of this research consists of the experts, physics Junior High School teacher, and the students of Junior High School as the respondent of early field study. The result of the study is Novick Learning Module for thermo dynamic theme to increase students’ critical thinking and create conceptual conflict so the students can improve the critical thinking.

1 INTRODUCTION

The critical thinking capability is needed to be improved for the students since the school age (Ismail, 2018).

It is suggested the educator must support the students to think critically by comprehend their curriculum and define the specific skills and make sure they have gotten the right module (Larsson, 2017; Castle, 2009). The capability of critical thinking can improve by many ways. (Huda, 2018) One of the ways to improve critical thinking is improving Novick Learning module (Özsoy-Güneş, 2015) this learning can improve the physics learning achievement surely (Ratnaningdyah, 2017) and critical thinking capability (Sulaiman, 2012).

The improvement of Novick learning is still rare to use. This research purpose is to improve the module of learning based on the Novick Learning to improve critical thinking of the students for thermodynamic theme.

2 METHODS

The application development procedure is adapted from the 4D model (Define, Design, Develop, and Disseminate) (Aji, 2018; Hudha, 2018). The steps are arranged as in Figure 1.

The subject of this research are the experts, physic teacher of Junior high School, and the students of Junior High School. During the legible test students, the instrument used is three kind of data namely: students needed questionnaire, product validity questionnaire, and students’ response’ questionnaire. The instrument can be seen generally in table 1.

Table 1: The blue print of research instrument generally.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Data Source</th>
<th>Instrument</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Validity of RPP</td>
<td>The expert of lecturer Physics teacher of Junior High School</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


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3 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The result of module product of physics learning is the RPP validity, the result of sufficient test, and the trial test of the students. The trial test is done to know the response data as user.

The RPP validity analyse result is shown in Table 2.

Table 2: The result of RPP validity analyse.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subject identity</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Very good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Competent</td>
<td>3,67</td>
<td>Very good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,83</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Learning plan is very important to succeed the teaching learning process (Moxley, 2017; Gülten, 2013). The expert teacher in learning plan have many fluently and efficiency, and more concentrate of learning design and activity choice pattern. Their duty...
is compatible and supported with the teachers knowledge about pedagogic (Li, 2017).
Qualification data is gotten from two experts of material and media, and one Junior High School physics teacher. The data gotten is qualitative and quantitative data. The quantitative data is gotten by answer sheet of module by using likert scale and to know the qualification of module. While qualitative data is gotten is the suggestion used to revise module. The result of learning module qualification can be shown on Table 3.

Table 3: The result of Qualification Component Analyzis of Learning Module Content.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The suitability with KD</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Material Accuracy</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Additional Material</td>
<td>2,83</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Update material</td>
<td>2,92</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

From the trial test of XI MIPA SMA Negeri 6 Malang class is gotten quantitative data and qualitative data. Quantitative data is taken from answer sheet of the students toward the module by using gutman scale while quantitative data is taken from students suggestion. The result of trial test is shown in Table 4.

Table 4: The response analyze result of Learning Module.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Concept map based on material</td>
<td>0,9</td>
<td>agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Concept map to make the easy memorizing the material</td>
<td>0,8</td>
<td>agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Concept map for material for easy understanding</td>
<td>0,9</td>
<td>agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>The problem appear is the real daily problem</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>The problem appear based on the material discussion</td>
<td>0,8</td>
<td>agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>The problem appear need analyze and understanding of previous material</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>The practice make the material easier to understand</td>
<td>0,8</td>
<td>agree</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The content of the module is very important for the learning process. The language improvement and content give a strong contriution for students reading capability (Pollard-Durodola, 2016). So it is important for having a book or a module based on the teachers and students needed.

4 CONCLUSION

The quality of physics module based on the Novick learning with thermo dynamic theme of validator has good quality and based on the students response also got the agree category. The module is hoped can support the students in learning physics and help the teachers to improve the critical thinking of the students.

REFERENCES


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