The Design and Implementation of Big Data Analysis System for Enterprise Economic Operation

Dan Liu*, Yuan Sun and Libin Zhang

School of Big Data and Artificial Intelligence, Dalian University of Finance and Economics, Dalian City, Liaoning Province, 116622, China

Keywords: Economic Operation of Enterprises, Big Data, Hadoop, Java.

Abstract: In order to make big data better serve the development of local economy, the author has established an analysis platform system of comprehensive data of enterprises' economic operation in this city with the help of big data technology. This system is a b/s mode application system developed by java language. The development environment of this system is built by Linux system and developed by sh framework which combines spring, springmvc and hibernate. The system data is collected, converted, cleaned and counted by setting up hadoop cluster of five servers. And the DTW dynamic time warping algorithm is improved, and C4.5 decision tree classification algorithm which divides time series sets is used to predict the economic trend of local enterprises more scientifically and reasonably. From the perspective of society and government, make overall planning for the economic operation of regional enterprises, and establish a comprehensive data platform for economic operation and development. We will improve the economic operation monitoring and analysis system, improve the quality and level of economic operation monitoring and analysis, realize data integration and sharing, and establish a basic data classification and collection mechanism.

1 INTRODUCTION

The economic operation of enterprises is an important way for the government and industrial and commercial administrative departments to manage the local economy, and proper use can help promote the sound development of local enterprise economy. Meanwhile, the economic operation is also a very important part for the operation and management of the enterprise itself. Using scientific methods to manage the economic operation of the enterprise can help the planning scheme and various operations of the enterprise to achieve sustainable development. With the development of the Internet era, the economic form has become increasingly complex with the appearance of the Internet. Many local governments are aware of this, and begin to attach importance to the establishment of the economic operation detection and analysis environment under the Internet technology, so as to realize the data integration and effective monitoring of the information systems established by various enterprises.

But the information systems of most enterprises do not communicate with each other, and the information data of each enterprise is not comprehensive and standardized. It is difficult to realize the data relevance and value sharing of the data of the local economic operation detection project. Besides, the data of enterprises' economic operation in different markets are generally obtained through field investigation by relevant personnel, and it is often difficult to reflect the development trend of the industry because the data is too specific. The poor quality of data indirectly leads to the low quality of the report of local enterprises' economic operation analysis, which affects the overall development of local economy. Therefore, it is advisable to use big data technology to establish a cross-departmental and cross-unit big data warehouse platform system to effectively integrate all kinds of information and help the industrial and commercial departments to analyze the economic operation. (Zhu, 2021)

On the basis of the above analysis, the author thinks that a data analysis system of local enterprises' economic operation should be developed based on big data technology. This system is a b/s mode application system developed by java language. The development environment of this system is built by

Liu, D., Sun, Y. and Zhang, L.

DOI: 10.5220/0011751800003607

In Proceedings of the 1st International Conference on Public Management, Digital Economy and Internet Technology (ICPDI 2022), pages 551-554 ISBN: 978-989-758-620-0

Copyright (C) 2023 by SCITEPRESS – Science and Technology Publications, Lda. Under CC license (CC BY-NC-ND 4.0)

The Design and Implementation of Big Data Analysis System for Enterprise Economic Operation.

Linux system and developed by ssh framework which combines spring, springmvc and hibernate. The system data is collected, converted, cleaned and counted by setting up hadoop cluster of five servers. We will provide users with a rigorous and efficient decision-making platform from the perspective of relevant personnel of local industrial and commercial administration departments. The establishment of a warehouse and a self-service business data analysis platform integrating the economic operation data of various enterprises can help local government and industrial and commercial managers provide great convenience for data analysis, reduce the workload of statistical staff and improve the management efficiency of local economy.

2 KEY TECHNOLOGIES

2.1 B/S Structure

The big data analysis system of enterprise economic operation designed in this paper adopts B/S structure. The B/S is the structure of browser/server, which is widely used in web application development. In the B/S structure, the client uses the browser title, while the server is used to run the core technology. The network environment of B/S is mostly used in wide area network, and only the devices of browser and operating system need to be loaded, so this structure is more suitable for application and application development with a wide range of customers. (Li, 2019)

2.2 Hadoop Ecology

The Hadoop is the infrastructure of a distributed system, developed by Apache Foundation. The design of this ecosystem is mainly used to solve the problems of massive data storage, analysis and calculation in the era of big data. The Hadoop ecosystem is mainly composed of mapreduce computing component, yarn resource scheduling component, HDFS data storage component and other auxiliary tools. The Hadoop ecological cluster covers all kinds of components in the big data technology ecosystem, including business model layer, task scheduling layer, data storage layer and data transmission layer. (Wang, 2015).

2.3 Classification and Prediction Algorithm for Data Mining

2.3.1 K-nearest Neighbor Algorithm

K-nearest neighbor algorithm divides the number set into several categories, and calculates the representative particles of each category. X refers to the distance between different prediction points and representative points, and the final value X is the minimum distance point.

Assuming that the number of categories is n and the number of representative points of each category is m, the classification function is:

$$g_i(\mathbf{x}) = \min \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_k^1\|, \quad k = 1, 2, 3, ..., M_i$$
 (2)

In which i in x_k^i represents n class, and k represents the k of m representative points. The category with the largest number among the k minimum distances of the predicted point x is the category of the predicted point, and k=1 is the nearest neighbor method.

2.3.1 Decision Tree Algorithm

The decision tree algorithm is an inductive algorithm classification rule based on the decision tree deduced from the unordered sequence. It is a recursive algorithm from top to bottom, so it is necessary to construct the relationship between categories and attributes to predict unknown classes. The current mainstream decision tree algorithms include c4.5, ID3 and cart, etc. This paper focuses on C4.5 decision tree algorithm, which is an improved algorithm based on ID3. The construction of C4.5 decision tree first needs to input the data set, classification attribute and sample attribute set of the required data, and use V, C and S to replace them respectively. 1. create node n. 2. where N=C when s is the set of c, otherwise, execute 3. 3. S is empty. N = the category with the most frequent occurrences of S; S=NULL, then execute 4. 4. calculating the highest information gain rate v, wherein N=V. 5. If s is the set of sample points of V, then S=null, add a leaf node, otherwise, return (V-,C,). 6. Recursive results are used to complete the construction. (Mao, 2018)

2.4 Development Environment

The development environment of enterprise economic operation big data analysis system is divided into two parts, one is the construction of hadoop big data cluster, the other is the application environment of Javaweb technology. According to the required amount of data, this paper builds a hadoop cluster composed of one primary node named namenode and four secondary nodes named datanode. These clusters store massive data based on hdfs distributed storage. The code of configuring HDFS components in the cluster is shown in Figure 1. Then, the functional components such as zookeeper-3.5.5 and flume1.9.0 are installed and deployed in these five nodes synchronously, and the initial construction of hadoop cluster is completed. The hadoop server cluster is developed on five clients installed with Linux system. This paper selects Centos 7.8 Server release version of Linux operating system. The Java development tool used by the JavaWeb application of this system is IDEA 2021.1.3, the development environment is JDK 1.8, the development language is Java, and Apache Tomcat 9.0 is selected for server building. The code for detecting whether JDK is successfully installed is shown in Figure 2. The development of the system is based on MVC pattern, and the SSH framework of spring+springmvc+hibernate is selected as the framework. And choose MySQL 8.0.28 to help manage data.

<config< th=""><th>uration></th></config<>	uration>
	nn Web access address-
	<property></property>
	<name>dfs.namende.http-address</name>
	<value>hadoop102:9870</value>
	2nn Web access address
	<property></property>
	<name>dfs.namenode.secondary.http- address</name>
	<value>hadoop104:9868</value>

</configuration>

Figure 1: hdfs-site.xml configuration code (Original).

[Tom@hadoop102 software]\$ java -version java version "1.8.0_212" Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_212-b10) Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server (build 25.212-b10, mixed mode) [Tom@hadoop102 software]\$

Figure 2: Code for detecting whether JDK is successfully installed (Original).

3 FUNCTION REALIZATION

3.1 Basic Client

The data warehouse construction in the data classification function module is mainly classified according to the fact data of the main body registration in the industrial and commercial market, including five categories: time, region, enterprise type, industry type and enterprise scale.

In the business analysis module, according to the existing data, in order to clearly show the local regional economic development situation for the industrial and commercial management departments, this paper makes index modeling from a single dimension. Meanwhile, mining the law of economic development, using the c4.5 algorithm based on time series to forecast the local economy, and helping the industrial and commercial administration departments to make a reasonable layout and adjustment of the market economy in time. The underlying data of intelligent analysis is the local accumulated historical data of business administration departments, because this part of data has the characteristic attribute of time series. The initial input data set D and the number of candidate sequence pairs M of the time sequence decision tree. If there is x and y(x) = in D, this node is a leaf node. It is continuously selected from D and input into the set of candidate sequence pairs S, and stops when the number of candidate sequence pairs is m. Then the information gain and gain rate of each candidate data pair are calculated in turn, and the data with the largest gain rate is selected to be divided into child nodes, and then the decision tree is constructed recursively. The calculation formula of information gain rate is shown in Formula 1.

InfoGainRatio(D,s)=
$$\frac{Gain(D,s)}{H_s(D)}$$
 (1)

In the intelligent report generation and export function module, users can select the time period, content and form according to their needs, and automatically generate data reports after the selection. The report includes data reports and various visual images generated by echart. The visual image is loaded by loading the echarts plug-in and data into the web page generated by the report. According to the API of the system echarts, the specific patterns of charts belonging to this system are customized, and the corresponding option module is also configured. During the development of the system, in addition to setting the attributes of option, the setoption function is also called for rendering. (Chen, 2019)

3.2 Management Client

In the data preparation and uploading function module, the administrator needs to select all kinds of collected local enterprise economic operation data, and select the appropriate data to upload to the system. The data collection is provided by the relevant departments of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce and relevant personnel on-the-spot enterprise investigation, including the enterprise registration data and annual inspection data of local enterprises. Administrators enter the code of information data, for example, the industry type code input field is HYML, the input type is vchar, and the data length is 100. The data source is the industry category registration form. At the same time, when this data is called in the industry category dimension table, it is not allowed to be set to null.

In the model building and deployment function module, the administrator can adjust and change the attributes of predictive modeling. The key model of this paper is the regional economic forecasting model. The forecast model attributes of this system include industry division, industry type, enterprise type, enterprise scale, time and region. The index content under each attribute division is the number of enterprises and the amount of registered capital, while the predicted target attribute is the development trend of local economy.

In the function module of user management and data maintenance, administrator users can add, delete and modify the information and permissions of basic users. The system data is huge, so administrators need to monitor and maintain hadoop cluster data of each module.

4 CONCLUSION

The research of big data analysis system of enterprise economic operation is mainly aimed at the research and development of the underlying business data of local industrial and commercial systems. The system uses C4.5 decision tree algorithm to predict and analyze the economic operation and development of local enterprises through the related technologies of data mining and the application of data analysis visualization tools.

Due to my lack of ability, limited time and environmental conditions, the current research and analysis have great limitations. It needs more excellent personnel to improve and perfect this research. Firstly, the data source of this system is not comprehensive enough, and there is a lack of multiple data fusion with other government departments. Secondly, due to the huge amount of data in the underlying database, there is still as much as 70G of data after processing, and the algorithm performance and hadoop cluster server performance are limited, which needs further optimization to save a lot of time in data processing.

REFERENCES

- Chen Manju. The Application of Statistical Analysis in Enterprise Economic Operation Analysis.Economic Forum.2019.04.
- Li Ling. The Research and Design of Regional Economic Trend Prediction and Analysis System Based on Industrial and Commercial Data.Guizhou University.2019.04.
- Mao Hongwei, Ruan Bohu. The Monitoring and Research of Big Data Economic Operation in Zhuji City. MIN YIN KE JI.2018.02.
- Wang Xiaoyong. The Design and Implementation of Jiangxi Industrial Economic Operation Analysis and Forecast System.Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics.2015.12.
- Zhu Tao. The Monitoring and Analysis System of Municipal Private Economy Based on Big Data.Science and Technology.2021.04.